

**MOTHER'S MOTIVATION TO BRING TODDLERS TO POSYANDU
TIBAN INDAH VILLAGE, SEKUPANG HEALTH CENTER WORK AREA**

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ABSTRACT

Background : Toddlers are a period of rapid body and brain growth in achieving optimal functions. Posyandu is a community health facility managed independently by the community. The research objective was to determine whether there was a relationship between motivation and the behavior of mothers bringing toddlers to Posyandu in the Tiban Indah Village, the working area of the Sekupang Health Center, Batam City. Toddlers are a period of rapid body and brain growth in achieving optimal functions. Posyandu is a community health facility managed independently by the community. The research objective was to determine whether the motivation of mothers to bring toddlers to Posyandu in the Tiban Indah Village, the Working Area of the Sekupang Health Center, Batam City in 2017.

Method : The design of this research is a descriptive study. The population in this study were all households with toddlers aged 1-5 years as many as 1,420 children under five, with a total sample of 312 respondents, using purposive sampling technique. The research was conducted in the Sekupang Health Center, Batam City.

Result : It can be seen from 312 respondents, it can be seen that as many as 130 respondents (41.7%) have high motivation, and 182 respondents (58.3%) have low motivation to visit Posyandu in Tiban Indah Village, Sekupang Health Center, Batam

conclusion : City Research results More than half (58.3%) of respondents have low motivation about visiting Posyandu in Tiban Indah Village, Sekupang Health Center, Batam City Work Area.

Keywords: Motivation, Mother, Toddler, Posyandu

INTRODUCTION

The results of research in various regions in Indonesia show that there are still many children under five who are no longer present at Posyandu when the immunization program is over. The coverage of visits by children under five in Batam City in 2010 was still below the national target (90%).

The coverage of children under five in the Puskesmas working area in Batam City in 2015, with the highest range in Puskesmas Kabil 64% and the lowest in Puskesmas Sekupang 4% (Batam City Health Office, 2015).

In the working area of the Sekupang Health Center, it was recorded that in December 2015, the number of under-five visits with the highest

percentage of children under five was Tanjung Riau at 0.40% and the lowest under-five visits were Tiban Indah at 0.19% (Profile of Puskesmas Sekupang, 2015).

The low achievement of visits to children under five is due to many factors, including the lack of competent personnel in accordance with their areas of expertise in conducting Early Detection Stimulation and Child Development and Development (SDIDTK), which is one of the service standards for visiting children under five, thus visits for infants and toddlers are appropriate standards are not met, so the coverage is low, other factors are also caused when compared to the number of government health facilities such as hospitals, health centers, auxiliary health

centers, mobile health centers, both land and sea, with a total population of 1,137,894 people in Batam city.

Based on previous research conducted in the city of Surabaya regarding "The Relationship Between Mother's Motivation and Toddler Visits to Posyandu". It was found that most of the respondents had low motivation in bringing their toddlers to the posyandu as many as 22 respondents (54%). Respondents' low motivation was caused by respondents who thought that coming to the posyandu was not a necessity. This causes a lack of encouragement to bring toddlers to the posyandu (Zainuri, 2012).

The research objective is to find out the motivation of mothers to bring toddlers to the Keposyandu in the Sub-district of Tiban Indah, the working area of the Sekupang Health Center, Batam City.

RESEARCH METHODS

The design of this research is a descriptive study. The population in this study were all households with toddlers aged 1-5 years as many as 1,420 children under five, with a total sample of 312 respondents, using purposive sampling technique. The research was conducted in the Sekupang Health Center, Batam City.

RESEARCH RESULT

Table 1 Frequency Distribution of Respondents Based on Mother Motivation to Bring Toddlers to Posyandu in Tiban Indah Village, Sekupang Health Center Work Area

No	Motivation	Frequency	Percent (%)
1	High	130	41.7
2	Low	182	58.3
Total		312	100

It can be seen from 312 respondents, it can be seen that as many as 130 respondents (41.7%) have high motivation, and 182 respondents (58.3%) have low motivation to visit Posyandu in Tiban Indah Village, Sekupang Health Center, Batam City.

DISCUSSION

It is known that from 312 respondents, it can be seen that as many as 130 respondents (41.7%) have high motivation, and 182 respondents (58.3%) have low motivation about bringing toddlers to Posyandu in Tiban Indah Village, Sekupang Health Center, Batam City. The results of this study are in line with the results of Zainuri's (2012) research conducted in the city of Surabaya regarding "The Relationship Between Mother's Motivation and Toddler Visits to Posyandu". The results show that 54% of respondents have low motivation in bringing toddlers to the posyandu. Respondents' low motivation was caused by respondents who thought that coming to the posyandu was not a necessity. This causes a lack of encouragement to bring toddlers to the posyandu.

According to the researcher's analysis, in this study the motivation of the respondents was low. Mothers still do not know well the benefits of monthly Posyandu visits. There are many reasons for mothers not to bring their toddlers to Posyandu, among others, they feel that their toddler is healthy and does not need health care workers, immunization has been completed for their toddler, mothers are lazy to go to Posyandu, mothers are busy working and selling so there is no time to Bring their toddlers to Posyandu, often weigh in midwives or clinics because their children are often sick, their children do not want to be weighed because of the trauma they are afraid of being injected, mothers find it difficult to manage time to attend Posyandu because time will run out to give attention and love to taking

care of their children at home. The mother did not come to the Posyandu because the mother's house was far from the Posyandu so that the mother did not come to participate in the Posyandu activities.

CONCLUSION

Based on the results of the research that has been carried out, it can be concluded as follows: More than half (58.3%) of respondents have low motivation about visiting Posyandu in the Tiban Indah Village, the Sekupang Health Center Working Area of Batam City.

SUGGESTION

Implementing Posyandu activities
Benefits for implementing Posyandu activities, the results of this study can be used to motivate people to participate more in Posyandu activities so that the implementation of the program at Posyandu can achieve its goals.

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